

NONUM CAPUT: PRIMUS DIES [rev. 10/5/05]

GO EARLY: return quizzes etc; assignment on board;

EMAIL: Reminder of today's assignment & SEX VOLUNTARIAE/I needed:

CAPUT IX:

GRAMMATICA NOVA: study new grammar and memorize declensions of the DEMONSTRATIVES hic, iste, ille, plus the list of 9 UNUS NAUTA adjectives and their minor irregularities; review entire noun system from Chapters 2ff and be able to decline any noun/demonstrative pair (e.g., hic rEx); practice with nouns in the ch. 7-9 Vocabs.

VOCABULARIA NOVA: memorize and ALWAYS listen to the audio online at www.wheclockslatin.com (click on AUDIO LINKS in menu at top of page)

TRANSLATIO IN TABELLA (write out translations in your notebook, but close your notebooks during class translation): P&R 1-2, 4-11; SA 1-9, and REVIEW any SCRIBBLERS readings not completed Monday

PARVA PROBATIO: Vocab. and questions on assigned translations (P&R 1-2, 4-11; SA 1-9)

OPUS IN TABULA (remember: you get +3 quiz points for this, plus can drop a TEST GRADE after volunteering 5 times):

**P&R 11 **decline hic rEx **decline iste morbus **decline illud studium **decline soror sOla

PRAELIMINA

SALVETE/QUID AGITIS!

LATINA IN VERO MUNDO

TOMORROW: ASSIGNMENT/QUIZ: be able to decline phrase like hic r x s llus; identify the 9 UNUS NAUTA adjs.; translate: rvw. sents. not completed today & new for tomorrow: P&R 12, plus Martial and Seneca passages p. 59-60. QUIZ: noun-adj. pair (3rd decl. + UNUS NAUTA); i.d. UNUS NAUTA adjs. in a list; questions on MARTIAL/SENECA

GRAMMATICA NOVA

2 ITEMS: UNUS NAUTA adjs. & DEMONSTRATIVES:

(Begin with) UNUS NAUTA ADJECTIVES: write acronym on board vertically, top to bottom; ask class [TOLLE MANUM] to fill in the 9 words; explain special endings. Unus N llus etc. QUIZ will list several adjs. & you'll have to identify which are irregular AND give the genitive and dative forms.

APERITE HUNC LIBRUM AD NONUM CAPUT: DOCEBO HOC CAPUT IN LINGUA LATINA; SPECTATE ET AUDITE ATTENTE:

Write on board and solicit student responses IN LINGUA LATINA:

DEMONSTRO, DEMONSTRARE: Quae pars r ti nis est? (Est verbum.) Quae coniug ti est? (Est pr ma.) Coniug te hoc verbum in praesent ; in fut r ; in imperfect ; quid est imper t vum singul re? pl r le?

Act out:

Nunc d m nstr b librum MEUM. HIC liber est meus.

Nunc d m nstr b cr tam meam. HAEC cr ta est mea.

Nunc d m nstr b podium meum. HOC podium est meum.

Quid significat DEMONSTRO in Anglic ?

(To a particular student) D m nstr mihi librum TUUM. ISTE liber est tuus.

D m nstr mihi librum MARCI (“Marcus” or some other student across room). ILLE liber est liber M rc .

HIC est liber meus. ISTE est liber tuus. ILLE est liber Marc.

HIC, ISTE, ILLE sunt pr n mina et adiect va. Quid significat PRONOMEN? (VIR est n men; HIC est pr n men; ELIZABETHA est n men; ILLA est pr n men.)

HIC, ISTE, ILLE sunt pr n mina et adiect va DEMONSTRATIVA.

In Anglic HIC significat "this/these" aut "this/these men, women, etc."

Spect te et tr nsferte h s sententi s:

HIC est LIBER. HIC LIBER est meus.

ISTE est liber. ISTE LIBER est tuus.

ILLE est liber. ILLE liber nOn est meus aut tuus; est liber Annae.

HIC est bonus. ILLA est bona. ISTUD est bonum.

REVIEW IN ENGLISH: Define demonstrative; conceptual difference among Latin's 3 demonstratives (Eng. has only 2); comment on forms & learning them from left to right; definitions/meanings (including special meanings of **ille/iste**). WHO CAN FIND the FIRST EXAMPLE IN THE ASSIGNED SENTENCES? the SECOND? etc.

VOCABULA:

Go through list; ask how to say, e.g., "this place," "that eagerness (of yours)," "that disease (of someone's)" Comment on: POSTPOSITIVE CONJUNCTION enim (cf. igitur)

TRANSLATIO

P&R 1-2, 4-11; SA 1-9