MAGISTRA MARIA ROBERTS

NŌMEN	
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I. DICTIŌ - Write the Latin sentence, as spoken by the Magistra.

(4 pts)

## Quis non forma magna Latinae linguae motus est?

II. TRANSLĀTIŌ – Translate the Latin sentence dictated in Section I.

(4 pts)

Who has not been moved (affected, aroused) by the great beauty of the Latin language?

III. TRANSLĀTIŌ – Read the Latin story and translate into English on the paper provided.

(48 pts)

- 1 Eō tempore, Iuppiter puellam pulchram, cuius nōmen "Īō" erat, lavantem in flūmine viderat. Ille
- 2 deus amōre movēbātur, et ex monte Olympō cucurrit, quod eam tenēre desiderabat. Iūnō, uxor
- 3 eius rēgīnaque omnium deōrum, autem scelus sēnsit. Eī vocāvit, sed Iuppiter territus est. Is Īō cito
- 4 cēlāvit. Manūs puellae in ungulās mūtātae sunt, et cornua dē capite suō crēvērunt. Iam bōs erat!
- 5 Iūnō dīxit, "Quem bovem habēs? Cūr tēcum est? ab eā dēlector; dā mihi!" Quid Iuppiter agere
- 6 potest? Non īrā ācrī uxoris līberābitur, nisi bos trādita erit. Puella igitur rēgīnae deorum dātur.
- 7 Misera Īō, in mediā rīxā immortālī!

## **Vocabulary**

**Line 1 - Lavantem: Bathing** 

Line 4 - Bōs, Bovis, f: cow

(F., Sing., Acc; Translate as Adj.)

Line 6 - Trādō, Trādere, Trādidī,

 $\bar{I}\bar{o}$ ,  $I\bar{o}$ nis, f: Io (acc, abl –  $\bar{I}\bar{o}$ )

Trāditus: To Hand Over

Line 4 - Cēlō (1): To Hide, Conceal

Line 7 - Medius, -a, -um: Middle of

Ungula, -ae, f: Hoof

Rīxa, -ae, f: quarrel

Crēscō, Crēscere, crēvī, crētum: to

Grow, Arise

IV. DĒSCRĪPTIŌ – Give the CASE, NUMBER, GENDER, and USE of each underlined word from the passage above. (10 pts)

	Case	Number	Gender	Use
Tempore (Line 1)	Ablative	Singular	Neuter	Abl. of Time When
Monte (Line 2)	Ablative	Singular	Masculine	Ablative of Place from Which
Manūs (Line 4)	Nominative	Plural	Feminine	Subject
Eā (Line 5)	Ablative	Singular	Feminine	Ablative of Agent
Īrā (Line 6)	Ablative	Singular	Feminine	Ablative of Separation

Qui Gravis Metus "Which Grievous Fear"

	Singular	Plural
Nom.	Qui Gravis Metus	Quī Gravēs Metūs
Gen.	Cuius Gravis Metūs	Quōrum Gravium Metuum
Dat.	Cui Gravī Metuī	Quibus Gravibus Metibus
Acc.	Quem Gravem Metum	Quōs Gravēs Metūs
Abl.	Quō Gravī Metū	Quibus Gravibus Metibus

VI. CONIUGĀ – Form a synopsis of the Latin verb in the indicated tense and number (14 pts)

**Parō, Parāre, Parāvi, Parātus** "To prepare, provide" (2<sup>rd</sup> Person Singular, assume a masculine subject)

	Active	Passive
Present	Parās	Parāris (Parāre)
Imperfect	Parābās	Parābāris (Parābāre)
Future	Parābis	Parāberis (Parābere)
Perfect	Parāvistī	Parātus Es
Pluperfect	Parāverās	Parātus Eras
Future Perfect	Parāveris	Parātus Eris

Infinitive	Parāre	Parārī
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VII.	For the following Latin sentence, do Pronoun, Interrogative Adjective, o pronoun or, for an interrogative adjective	r Relative Pronoun. Identify the ective, the noun it modifies. If	ne antecedent for a relative
	: <u>Interrogative Adjective</u>	Antecedent/ noun modified:	<u>Metibus</u>
	2) <u>Quōrum</u> versuum libellum scrībe	nt?	
	:Interrogative Adjective	Antecedent/ noun modified:	<u>Versuum</u>
	3) Coniūrātī <u>quī</u> scelera multīs fēcēr	unt ex urbe fūgerant.	
	: <u>Relative Pronoun</u>	Antecedent/ noun modified:	<u>Coniūrātī</u>
	4) <u>Cui</u> iūdicium illī iūdicis prōnūntiā	itum est?	

<u>Interrogative Pronoun</u> Antecedent/ noun modified: <u>None</u>

LATN 1001 – FINAL EXAM: CH	18-20 – Translation Page- ANSWER KEY
December 15, 2010	NŌMEN

(1) At that time, Jupiter had seen a beautiful girl, whose name (the name of whom) was
"Io", bathing in the river. That (2) god was being moved (affected, aroused) by love, and
He ran (rushed) from the Olympian mountain (Mount Olympus), because he was desiring to
Possess her. Juno, his wife (3) and the queen of all the gods, however, sensed (felt, perceived,
thought) an evil deed (crime, sin, wickedness). She called to him, but Jupiter has been frightened
(terrified). Quickly he (4) hid (concealed) Io. The hands of the girl have been changed into
Hooves, and horns grew (arose) from her own head. Now she was a cow! (5) Juno said,
"What (what kind of, which) cow do you have? Why is it with you? I am delighted (charmed,
Pleased) by it; give it to me!" What is Jupiter (6) able to do? He will be not freed from the sharp
(keen, fierce, severe) anger of his wife, unless (if not) the cow will have been handed over.
Therefore, the girl (7) is given to the queen of the gods. Poor (Miserable) Io, to be in the middle
Of an immortal quarrel!
Extra Credit (+5pts)
1) Name two events, other than gladiatorial competitions, which took place during the games (ludī). (+2) <b>Processions, Mock Fights, Animal Displays, Animal Fights, Executions</b>
2) What does SPQR stand for? (+1)
The Senate and People of Rome
3) For what historical event was the Arch of Titus dedicated? (+1)  The Sack of Jerusalem in 70 AD, during the First Jewish-Roman War