

LATINA MI-Exercitātiō I (Capita p̄ima et secunda)

Autumnus MMV

Nōmen _____ (praenōmen Latīnum, nōmen Anglicum)

Doctor Illa Flōra



I. Scribe sententiam Latīnam quam prōfessor prōnūntiat.

v%

II. Trānsfer fābulam Latīnam in Anglicam.

xl%

Catullus est poēta; fāma poētae est magna. Catullus **puellam** amat; nōmen (“the name”) puellae est “Lesbia.” Lesbia poētam saepe vocat. Catullus Lesbiam videt et cōgitat, “Sī errō et **puellae** multās rosās nōn dō, īra Lesbiae est magna et mē monet; sī formam et fortūnam puellae laudō, mē laudat et bāsiat. Quid hodiē cōgitare dēbeō? O **puella** mea, cōservā mē, amābō tē!” Catullus Lesbiam amāre nōn dēbet—sed sine **puellā** poēta nōn valet et **vīta** est nihil.

III. Dā casum et ūsum hōrum nōminūm in fābulā.

xii%

CASUS:

USUS:

- a. poētae (līnea i): _____
- b. puellam (i): _____
- c. puellae (ii): _____
- d. puella (iv): _____
- e. puellā (v): _____
- f. vīta (v): _____

IV. Syllabify, mark the long syllables, and place the accent.

iv%

i. nautārum _____ ii. sententiae _____

V. Complete each statement with an English word that demonstrates your knowledge of the Latin etymology (e.g., “A ‘laudatory’ speech is full of praise”).

iii%

- i. an “expatriate” lives outside her/his _____
- ii. if you are “impecunious” you have no _____
- iii. a _____ is expert in “nautical” matters

VI. Circle the English word that is NOT related to the Latin verb.

ii%

- i. terreō: a. territory b. terrify c. terrible d. terrorize
- ii. valeō: a. invalid b. valor c. prevail d. unveil

VII. Declinā in Latīnā: *fāma mea* (genitīvus, *fāmae meae*), “my report.”

xx%

SINGULARIS

PLURALIS

NOM **fāma mea**

GEN **fāmae meae**

DAT _____

ACC _____

ABL _____

VOC _____

VIII. Coniugā *amō*, *amāre*, *amāvī*, *amātum* (“to love”: ☺) in tempore praeſentī et dā duo imperatīva, in Latīnā et Anglica.

xiv%

SINGULARIS
Latīna *Anglica*

PLURALIS
Latīna *Anglica*

persōnā p̄ima **amō** I love _____ _____

secunda _____ _____ _____ _____

tertia _____ _____ _____ _____

IMPERATIVA: _____ _____ _____ _____

PRAEMIUM ADDITUM (i@)

i. Quid hodiē agis? (Respondē in Latīnā.) _____

ii. Quae coniugātiō est “vocāre,” p̄ima aut secunda? _____

iii. Quid est “chalk” in Latīnā? _____

iv. Dēpinge (“draw”): porta: magister: ☺