MACRON ERRORS: -1 for first, -1/5 for all others
i. Dēscrībe sententiam Latīnam et trānsfer in Anglicam.   **x%**
1/word
LATINA: *Nōs ipsī Latīnam semper amābimus!*

ANGLICA: ***We ourselves shall always love Latin!***

ii. Trānsfer in Anglicam.   **xl%**
128 words at 40% = 1/3 per word
In librō nostrō sunt duae fābulae dē **amōre;** in ūnā, Narcissus **s**ē nimis amāvit, et in secundā Iuppiter Eurōpam amāvit. Ēchō, nympha bella, et multae puellae Narcissum amāvērunt, sed is sē sōlum amābat et cum nūllā puellā vītam suam agēbat. Narcissus sē in aquā **ocul**īs suīs vīdit et magnus amor suī eum vīcit; is adulēscēns in eōdem locō diū remānsit et tempus fūgit. Ante illam aquam, ubi Narcissus ipse fuerat, nunc est flōs pulcher. In alterā fābulā Iuppiter Eurōpam ipsam, fīliam rēgis, cum aliīs **puell**īs vīdit, et **sibi** dīxit: "Hanc fēminam dīligō, sed sī eam vī capiam, mē nōn amābit. Propter amōrem animālium eius, ad eam in fōrmā taurī veniam et eam trāns mare cum **cūr**ā geram." Deus sē in taurum mūtāvit et arte suā illam puellam vīcit.

In our book (there) are two stories about/of/concerning love; in one, Narcissus loved himself too much, and in the second Jupiter loved Europa. Echo, a beautiful nymph, and many girls loved Narcissus, but he (this man) loved himself alone/only and (he) spent/lived/passed his (own) life with no girl. Narcissus saw himself in the water with his (own) eyes and a great love of (for) himself [gen. of reflex. pron.] overcame/conquered/overwhelmed him; this young man (youth) remained in the same place for a long time and time fled/passed (quickly). Before/in front of that water, where Narcissus himself had been, (there) is now a lovely flower. In the other [NOT "another"] tale Jupiter saw Europa herself, daughter of a king, with other girls, and (he) said to himself: "I love/admire/esteem this woman, but if I (shall) take/seize her by force, she will not love me. Because of her love of animals, I shall come to her in the form of a bull and I shall drag/carry her across the sea/ocean with care (carefully)." The god changed/transformed himself into a bull and by/with his (own) art/skill/cunning/trickery overcame that girl.

iii. Scrībe cāsum et ūsum hōrum verbōrum in hāc fābulā.   **xii%**
1+ 1 @   CASUS: USUS:

        a. amōre (line 1)   abl.   obj. of prep.

        b. sē (1)   acc.   dir. obj.

        c. oculīs (3)   abl.   means (instrument)

        d. puellīs (6)   abl.   accompaniment

        e. sibi (6)   dat.   ind. obj.

        f. cūrā (8)   abl.   manner

iv. Cinge quattuor i-stemmata ("circle the four i-stem nouns"). iv%
1/word
ōs, ōris, n.   ***mors, mortis, f.***   mōs, mōris, m.

nūbēs, nūbis, f.   ***nāvis, nāvis, f.***   ***exemplar, exemplāris, n.***

v. Coniugā *dūcō, dūcere, dūxī* in tempore perfectō, futūrō perfectō, et pluperfectō. ix%
½ per word

PERFECTUM		FUTURUM PERFECT.		PLUPERFECTUM	
1 *dūxī*	*dūximus*	*dūxerō*	*dūxerimus*	*dūxeram*	*dūxerāmus*
2 *dūxistī*	*dūxistis*	*dūxeris*	*dūxeritis*	*dūxerās*	*dūxerātis*
3 *dūxit*	*dūxērunt*	*dūxerit*	*dūxerint*	*dūxerat*	*dūxerant*

vi. Trānsfer verba sublīneāta ("underlined"). iii%
1 @
Puellae sē in speculō vīdērunt: ***themselves***   Puella ipsa Latīnam amat: ***herself***

Puella eum amat: ***him***

vii. Dēclīnā *animal (gen. animālis) ipsum* in singulārī et plūrālī. xvii%
1/word

	SINGULARIS		PLURALIS	
Nom.	animal	ipsum	*animālia*	*ipsa*
			[i-stem: nom./acc. pl. ending -ia NOT -a]	
Gen.	animālis	*ipsīus*	*animālium*	*ipsōrum*
NOTE: 2ⁿᵈ -ā- is LONG in base (shortened in nom./acc. sg. due to final -l)				
Dat.	*animālī*	*ipsī*	*animālibus*	*ipsīs*
Acc.	*animal*	*ipsum*	*animālia*	*ipsa*
[neuter: acc. identical to nom.]				
Abl.	*animālī*	*ipsō*	*animālibus*	*ipsīs*
[i-stem: abl. sg. ending -ī NOT -e]				

NOTE: 2nd -ā- is LONG in base (shortened in nom./acc. sg. due to final -l)

viii. Fill in each blank with an English word that demonstrates your knowledge of the Latin etymology (e.g., "A `laudatory' speech is full of praise"). v%
1/word
  i.   Something "inevitable" cannot be ***avoided*** and something "immutable" cannot be ***changed***.
  ii.   An "antebellum" house was built ***before*** the ***war***.
  iii. A "pro forma" action is undertaken ***for*** appearances only.

PRAEMIA ADDITA. *I@*   What had Fundanus lost? ***his young daughter***

What did Diaulus do as both doctor and undertaker? ***bury his "clients"***

What legendary Greek hero's tomb did Alexander the Great visit? ***Achilles***

Cicero argued that teachers should not always tell their students their own ***opinions***.

Cicero argued that traitors forfeited their ***citizenship/rights***.   ☺ < ***Amō Latīnam!*** ♡