

I. Dēscribe et trānsfer sententiam quam magister prōnūntiat.

x%

LATINA:

ANGLICA:

II. Trānsfer in Anglicam.

xlii%

In libellō nostrō sunt duae fābulae (*fābula*, *-ae*, “story”) quae dē Achille dīcunt, virō potentī cui Iuppiter vītā brevem sed multā glōriam dederat. Ūna ex hīs fābulis dīcit dē irā Achillis, cuius māter erat Thetis ipsa, dea maris. Achillēs illō tempore fuit dux Myrmidonum, quōs ex Graeciā ad bellum Trōiānum magnā cum virtūte dūxerat. Pater eius erat Pēleus, cuius pater fuerat Aeacus; māter Aeacī fuit Aegīna, quā cum Iuppiter sē in amōre iūxerat. Mīlia virōrum hās fābulās, quās poētae antīquī saepe recitābant, audivērunt.

III. Dā antecēdēns, casum, et ūsum hōrum prōnōminum relātīvōrum in fābulā.

xv%

RELATIVUM:	ANTECEDENS:	CASUM:	USUM:
quae (line 1)	_____	_____	_____
cui (1)	_____	_____	_____
cuius (2)	_____	_____	_____
quōs (3)	_____	_____	_____
quā (5)	_____	_____	_____

**IV. Dā ūsum hōrum ablātīvōrum in fābulā.**

**v%**

**USUS**

libello (1)	_____
viro (1)	_____
fābulīs (2)	_____
tempore (3)	_____
virtūte (4)	_____

**V. Dā synopsis *miscēō, miscēre, miscuī*, in tertiā persōnā singulārī.**

**vi%**

PRAESENS	FUTURUM	IMPERFECTUM	PERFECT.	FUT.PERF.	PLUPERF.
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

**VI. Dēclīnā satura ācris (“a harsh satire”).**

**xvii%**

	SINGULARIS		PLURALIS	
NOM.	satura	ācris	_____	_____
GEN.	saturae	_____	_____	_____
DAT.	_____	_____	_____	_____
ACC.	_____	_____	_____	_____
ABL.	_____	_____	_____	_____

**VII. Dēclīnā prōnōmen relātivum in feminīnā singulārī.**

**v%**

NOM \_\_\_\_\_ GEN \_\_\_\_\_ DAT \_\_\_\_\_ ACC \_\_\_\_\_ ABL \_\_\_\_\_

**PRAEMIA ADDITA (1 @):**

Match:	Wrote:
a. Cicero	epic _____
b. Juvenal	epigrams _____
c. Martial	satires _____
d. Vergil	On Old Age _____

Depinge (“draw”):  
formīca:

māter Achillis in marī:

☺ < carpe diem!