

I. Describere et transferre sententiam quam magister pronuntiat. x%

LATINA:

ANGLICA:

II. Transferre in Anglicam. liv%

Cicero credidit potest hominibus gloriam perpetuam dare posse; "et Graecae et Latinae litterae omnibus viris legendae sunt," ait. Vergilius, qui carmina Homerum (**Homerus, - , Homer**) saepe legit atque carmen suum de bello Troiano magnam cum arte descripsit, nomen Augusti (**Augustus, - , Augustus**) et alios Romanos viros sed etiam multos viros fictos (**fictus, -a, -um, fictional**) magnam famam dedit. Nunc ex his fuit Locrone, sacerdos Troianus. Magnae equiline vestis, Locrone putavit eum esse insidias; credidit multis Graecis in utroque equo latere: "Iste equus," ait, "nunc dandus est!" His verbis abe dictis, duo serpentes, ex mare **currentes**, Locronem flisque eius circumperant atque devolvunt. Propter carmen Vergili, sapientia et virtus illius sacerdotis semper laudandae sunt!

III. Invenire in hoc fabulo: scribere out the word(s)/phrase—just one example of each construction—and give the line numbers. xii%

ablative absolute: _____ passive periphrastic: _____

dative of agent: _____ what *currentes* modifies (line 7): _____

ablative object of preposition: _____ ablative of place from which: _____

ablative of place where: _____ ablative of manner: _____

ablative of agent: _____ ablative with cardinal numerals: _____

appositive: _____ accusative subject of an indirect statement: _____

